



ABOUT AFRICA—early states/empires.

Name: _____ date: _____ hr: _____ class # _____
 GROUP / SOLO Due on: _____

1. a. What two, main trade goods were exchanged in trade between West African kingdoms and their partners crossing the Sahara?
 _____ and _____
 - b. How did West African rulers grow rich from this trade?
 - c. The Benin bronze plaques that were in the video ‘Lost Kingdoms of Africa’ came from (near)where that West African trade happened. How did that trade come up in the video? Give 2-3 examples.

 - d. How/why did some places in West Africa **not** have images of people or animals in their art?
 - e. How old are the pottery fragments from the last and most ancient location featured in the video, and how is it significant to have such old pottery from that location?
2. What were the 3 main West African kingdoms in the medieval era, from earlier to later?
 1st: _____ 2nd: _____ 3rd: _____
 3. Write a bullet point definition for each of the following
 - a. Nok EXAMPLE: *Early people of Nigeria, worked iron*
 - b. Aksum _____
 - c. Djenné-Djeno _____

- 4 a. _____ **Sahel** a. Large desert in Africa
- b. _____ **Maghreb** b. Grassy plain
- c. _____ **savanna** c. Land at the southern edge of the Sahara
- d. _____ **Sahara** d. Part of North Africa that is today the Mediterranean coast of Morocco

5. Match the Medieval African state with its description
 - a. **Songhai** _____
 - b. **Mutapa** _____
 - c. **Great Zimbabwe** _____
 - e. **Ghana** _____
 - d. **Mali** _____
 1. Southeast African city; became an empire built on the gold trade
 2. Southern African empire established by the leader Mutota
 3. (earlier) West African empire that grew rich from trade
 4. (later) West African empire that grew rich from trade
 5. West African empire that conquered Mali

- d. Mansa Musa _____
- f. animism _____

ABOUT THE AMERICAS—early peoples of, and Maya, Aztec, Inca

6. How did people FIRST come to North/South America? ('FIRST' meaning, in the Ice Age/etc., not later, from Europe)

7. What is now believed about the population of the Amazon Basin in the early era of N./S. American civilizations?

How and why did that population level change when Europeans arrived in the Americas? _____

8. a. What food crop was particularly important to people living in Central Mexico? _____

b. What other crops did they grow? _____

9. Which societies are from the Andes region (in South America), and which are from 'Mesoamerica' (the region of Cent. Amer./Mexico)?

Draw lines to show which of the societies are from which of the 2 regions.

SOCIETIES

Olmec

Maya

Inca

Aztec

Omagua

REGIONS

Mesoamerica (Mexico/Central America)

Andes / South America



10. a. How did the Aztec treat people they conquered?

b. What are examples of Aztec & Maya societies being advanced?

11. Briefly explain how these two items are similar yet also different: **codex** & **quipu**.

12. Of those we've studied, which New World societies had contact with Europeans?

13. Match the society with the description:

Mayan

Centered in Valley of Mexico, in city of Tenochtitlán, believed human sacrifice was necessary to feed gods.

Aztec

Required a labor payment (called **mita**), built roads, organized people into family/clan groups, ran planned economy

Inca

Many separate city-states that both traded with and fought each other, had a complex calendar and mathematics.

14. What is the connection between the Byzantine Empire and the Roman Empire? _____

15. a. What city was the capital of the Byzantine Empire? _____

b. When and by whom was that city conquered?

c. After that city was conquered:

- Who were Europeans buying Silk Road trade goods from? _____
- How did Europeans feel about that change?

• How did that lead to Europeans' desire for sea routes to India and China?

16. What helped Europeans to explore at sea?

17. a. Why did Europeans have so many deadly diseases when they arrived in the New World?

b. What was the population of the Amazon at the time Europeans arrived? _____

c. What happened there as a result of contact with Europeans?

18. a. What are the 5 major world religions? _____

b. What are the holy texts of the 5 major world religions, if they have such?

(list the text UNDER the religion it belongs to)

c. Who was the 'founder'/key figure for each major religion?

d. What is/are the key belief(s) for each religion?

e.

China and Japan

19. In general, China and Japan responded to contact with Europeans in similar ways. What did they do?

20. How and why did the size of China's population change?

21. How was Japan's society a 'feudal' system (like that of Europe in the Middle Ages)?

22. a. What are/were the 3 Gunpowder Empires?

b. Which modern day country is where each empire was based?

c. Name 2 of major events, achievements, leaders were there for each?

d. How did the existence of the Ottoman Empire matter for Europe?

DRAW LINES TO CONNECT VOCAB WORDS WITH EITHER CHINA OR JAPAN.

Samurai

Ming

Zheng He

Daimyo

Tokugawa Shogunate

Qing

Japan

China



Label the following on the map:

- Japan
- China
- draw an arrow pointing towards India
