$\qquad$ date: $\qquad$ hr: $\qquad$

## Unit 2 Review Gde. CROSSWORD

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\begin{array}{ll}
1 & \text { name: }
\end{array}
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## ACROSS

2. econ. syst. with private proprty, earning profit, etc
3. people receiving an encomienda promised to $\qquad$ the Native Americans on their land
4. (2wrds, no space) Europe/Asia/Africa
5. favorable $\qquad$ of trade $=$ selling more goods than are bought 18. kill, destroy, or remove a lrg \%; kill one in every ten
6. $\qquad$ goods saka finsised soods); carried To Aficia in $\Delta$ trade pettr . Columbus thought the world was $\qquad$ than most other people
7. ___ to fifteen million people as slaves via Middle Passage
8. transfer of foods, plants, animals btwn old \& new world, after Columbus' voyage ( 2 wrds, no space)
9. occurring naturally in a place; native
10. econ. policy of 1 wealth/power by obtaining gold/silver by selling more than is bought

## DOWN

1. growing on islands near Africa $=$ econ. model for slave trade
2. vegetable arriving in Europe btwn 1565-1735
3. the BAD part of what the Columbn. Exch. brought to the Americas
4. Person w/ both Spanish and Natv Amrcn heritage
5. Bartolome de $\qquad$ = Spanish monk; called for end of Encomienda syst. (2 wrds/no space)
6. 1 of 2 most important food items from Americas
7. mercantilism said it was the best form of wealth
8. animal from Old World that changed Shoshoni
(and other Native Americans') way of life
9. forced labor
10. $\qquad$ fruits = import from Old World to new 14. $\qquad$ and silk $=$ what Europeans wanted from China/India
11. $\qquad$ trade $=$ btwn the Americas, Africa, and Europe involving slaves and other goods
12. _ passage = Africa-to-Americas leg of $\Delta$-trade pttrn
13. beans from New World that become chocolate
14. (2wrds, no space) most deadly disease brought to Americas
15. System using Native Americans as slave labor for whoever received a grant of land
16. (2wrds, no space) N. and S. Amer. and the Caribbean
17. steady rise in the price of goods

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re bought eptrm

